

NO DISORDERLY SCENES THIS TIME

Women Suffragists Are Given Ample Protection by Police.

THEY MARCH TO CAPITOL

Cordially Greeted and Assured of Support for Their Cause.

Washington, April 7.—Five hundred women suffragists, representing every congressional district, armed with petitions demanding a constitutional amendment for votes for women, marched to the Capitol to-day and delivered their demands in person to their Congressmen. In marked contrast with the disorderly scenes which attended the suffrage parade here on March 3, when unruly crowds swamped the police, the march to-day moved under perfectly cleared streets and under a police guard which was almost as numerous as the suffragists.

When the procession reached the interior of the Capitol building Miss Alice Paul, who headed it, was greeted by Representative Bryan of Washington, who halted the marchers long enough to make an address of welcome. He declared "there were enough men in the Senate and House to make certain that the flag of woman suffrage never would be pulled down in the United States."

Inside the rotunda a party of Senators greeted the women. Among them were Senators Brady, La. Polite, Jones, Shafroth, Poinsett, Townsend, Sutherland and Thurston.

As each of the women passed the Senators shook hands and assured each that they were in favor of their fight and would support the measure that is to be introduced in Congress. Each of the women carried into the Capitol a copy of a petition to the members of Congress asking support for equal suffrage legislation.

Formal resolutions proposing constitutional amendments giving women the right to vote were introduced in both houses of Congress. Together with scores of petitions and memorials from various societies and individuals, Senator Charles McNary of Oregon and Representative Mondell of Wyoming introduced resolutions in their respective houses for the constitutional amendments.

HENRICO CIRCUIT COURT CONVENES

Small Criminal Docket for Term. Civil Cases Are Set for Trial During April.

With Judge R. Carter Scott presiding, the spring term of Henrico Circuit Court opened yesterday morning. The grand jury met and considered several presentments, and the civil docket was set.

True bills were returned against the following: Henry Young, colored, larceny; Major Farrar, colored, larceny; Lewis Lightfoot, colored, burglary; and Shelton Turner, colored, burglary. The cases against Young and Farrar are unimportant. The former is alleged to have stolen a cow valued at \$25 from Bella Crewe, while the latter is accused by J. Davenport Williams with robbing his hen roost of nine valuable specimens valued at \$10 each. Turner is being held for the robbery of the Kelly home on Horntown Road. Lightfoot is accused of breaking and entering the home of Mrs. Etta Phillips in lower Henrico.

The following dates were set for the hearing of the civil docket: Stinger against Rubenstein, April 8; Brown against Hill, April 9; Commonwealth against Major Farrar, Commonwealth against Shelton Turner, April 10; Commonwealth against Lewis Lightfoot, April 11; Modaza Workmen of the World against Burton, April 12; Metropolitan Life Insurance Company against Brown, and Howell against Kild, April 13; Stall against Ferguson, April 14; Stewart's exor. against Commonwealth, April 15; McClay against Luck, April 16; Bishop against Kelly, and Mayo against Smith and Commonwealth, April 17.

Ugly Sores Quickly Banished

You Marvel How Worst Skin Eruptions Disappear as Result of Famous Remedy.



If you have been fighting some blood troubles, some eruptive skin disease, call it eczema, lupus, psoriasis, malaria, scrofula or what you will, there is but one sure, safe way to cure it. Ask at any drug store for a \$1.00 bottle of S. S. S. and you are then on the road to health. The action of this remarkable remedy is just as direct, just as positive, just as certain in its influence as that of the sun rises in the east. It is one of those rare medical forces which act in the blood with the same degree of certainty that is found in all natural tendencies. The manner in which it dominates and controls the mysterious transference of rich, red, pure arterial blood for the diseased venous blood is marvelous.

Out through every skin pore acids, germs and other blood impurities are forced in the form of invisible vapor. The lungs breathe it out, the liver is stimulated to consume a great proportion of impurities, the stomach and intestines cease to convey into the blood stream the catarrhal, malarial germs; the bowels, kidneys, bladder and all excretory organs of the body are marshaled into a fighting force to expel every vestige of eruptive disease.

There is scarcely a community anywhere but what has its living example of the wonderful curative effects of S. S. S. Get a bottle of this famous remedy to-day, and if your case is stubborn or peculiar write to The Swift Specific Co., 127 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Their medical laboratory is famous and is conducted by renowned experts in blood and skin diseases.

The Steinway Piano

Pull, rich, luxuriant in tone—brilliant, yet in its brilliancy not sacrificing the purity of its tone—the STEINWAY is the very acme in pianoforte construction, and is recognized as such throughout the ENTIRE WORLD.

To hear a STEINWAY in all the beauty of its tone—to see a STEINWAY in all the harmony of its lines, is to immediately recognize the piano of superior qualities.

We would like to show you the styles we have upon our floors.

Walter D. Moses & Co.,
103 EAST BROAD STREET,
Oldest Music House in Virginia and North Carolina.

DEMOCRATS TURN WHEELS TOWARD TARIFF REVISION

(Continued From First Page.)

to-night that he would be guided by the exigencies of the situation, and the counsel of the President. As introduced to-day the bill can be detached into separate schedules at any time if during the debate in the House it should be deemed best strategically to take this course.

The bill to-day was referred back to the Ways and Means Committee, where Republican members for the first time will have an opportunity to pass upon its provisions. No report will be made by the committee, however, until after the Democratic caucus considers it.

Will Act as Unit. Some of the members of the Ways and Means Committee majority favor a schedule-by-schedule revision, but are aligned with the others in acting as a unit for pressing the committee bill as it stands.

The caucus may be so protracted as to require a number of sessions to pass upon the tariff. It will be called to order at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning, but will immediately recess until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the session then may last until night. The disposition of the Democratic leaders, including Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania, who will preside as chairman of caucus, is to allow all the latitude and freedom of debate possible so no member can say he had no opportunity to present his views in this preliminary form of consideration.

On the ground that tariff consideration is legislative business, Mr. Palmer is understood to favor having the caucus public while that subject is up.

ATTEMPT TO WIDEN FOREIGN MARKETS

(Continued From First Page.)

secured by Representative Garner, of Texas, of the Ways and Means Committee, and exemption from the metals schedule of shoe machinery.

Typewriters, sewing machines and many other kinds of machinery are made free. Shoe machinery, which is clothed in a trust that the Supreme Court has not yet decided on breaking, still carries duty. Diligent inquiry failed to divulge who was the author of this privilege-furthering provision.

The income tax paragraph is short but conclusive. Because of the constitutional provision that no salary can be raised or lowered during the term of office of the incumbent, the salaries of the present President, judges of the Supreme Court and inferior Federal judges are exempted from taxation. The President's term is four years. The terms of the justice and judges of the United States are for life or during good behavior. The salaries of the successors to Mr. Wilson and the present Federal judiciary will not be exempted from the provisions of the bill.

The new tariff, as introduced in the House to-day by Chairman Underwood, will pass the House already a novelty. An alliance has been made to defeat it in the Senate. The President, who more than any other man is responsible for the bill as it stands, insisted on free wool, yielded on sugar only, 1 cent a pound duty, to be taken off at the end of three years. Six or seven Democratic Senators are already aligned against the bill, and the smooth sailing that the bill will enjoy in the House will turn to heavy weather when it sails away for the passage through the Senate. Mr. Wilson is fully alive to this, but is persuaded that by using the power of his office he can "push his way through."

Discusses It With Wilson.

Before Congress convened upon the members of the Senate Finance Committee filed solemnly into the executive offices at the White House and discussed the bill with the President. They insisted that it was a novelty. They pointed out that such is the strength of the rebellion against free wool and free sugar that the bill will be imperiled if presented to the Senate as a whole. Later the President talked with Chairman Underwood on this same subject. When at 10 o'clock he sought his couch he was still undecided as to whether he should insist on putting the bill through as a unit or "leave the latch string hanging out" by offering the enemy a chance to compromise.

The bill, after its introduction in the House, was promptly referred to the Ways and Means Committee. Hearings will be held on it regularly, and it will be freely discussed. It can be said on high authority that it will come unscathed from the committee and that the House will act upon it favorably and without serious dissent. As to the Senate—but that is another story.

TRYING TO ENJOIN HIRE OF CONVICTS

Overall Concern, Backed by Organized Labor, Asks for Injunction.

ATTACK VALIDITY OF LAW

If Petitioners Win, Thatcher People May Get Contract Once More.

Seeking to prevent the putting into effect of the contract recently made for the hire of convicts in the State Penitentiary to the Star Clothing Manufacturing Company, a petition for an injunction was filed yesterday in the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond. It is possible that Judge R. Carter Scott will take the matter up to-day and decide as to the granting of a temporary restraining order, pending the filing of a reply by the Commonwealth and a hearing on the petition.

The petitioner of record is the Blue Ridge Overall Company, of Rockoke, which concern has a specific grievance in that it claims its business will be injured by the competition of convict labor.

Other real complainants are the Virginia State Federation of Labor and the Farmers' Co-Operative and Educational Union of Virginia, whose forces are joined against the employment of prison labor in competition with free labor.

State Officials Defendants.

The defendants are William Hodges Mann, Governor; Joseph T. Martin, Secretary of the State Board of Charities and Corrections; James B. Wood, Superintendent of the Penitentiary; James D. Patton, W. B. Bradley, L. L. Scherer, Samuel Cohen and F. Gerald Stratton, the last five named being the members of the board of directors of the penitentiary, and the Star Clothing Manufacturing Company. O'Flaherty, Fulton & Byrd are counsel for the petitioners, through the connection of Richard C. Ely, Esq., Speaker of the House of Delegates, as attorney for the two protesting organizations.

An answer will be filed at an early day by the State officials, who will be represented by the Attorney-General, and who will resist the effort to stop the execution of the contract made in accordance with the act of the last Legislature.

Should a permanent injunction be granted, the State could not proceed to hire out the 500 long-term and desperate convicts to the overall company, which now has a similar contract in the Missouri State prison. If a temporary restraining order is issued, it would merely tie up the putting to work of 500 additional men on the public roads for a short time, until the case could be argued and decided, for the contract with the Star Company is not effective until November 1.

Might Give Contract to Thatcher. But success in this matter of an injunction might, it was pointed out yesterday, prove a boomerang to the petitioners. The constitutionality of the act of the Legislature is attacked, and if this contention is upheld by the courts, there is nothing to prevent the prison directors from renewing the existing agreement with the Thatcher Shoe Company at the present very low price, and to continue to employ all the 1,000 men now at work in the shoe shops. All the propositions stand or fall together, since the constitutionality of the act, which prohibits renewal of the present agreement and which requires that only 500 men shall be worked on contract, is being assailed by the labor people.

The present Thatcher contract expires May 1, but, if the new law stands, 500 men will be taken from the shops in May to go to work on the roads, and the Thatcher concern will continue to employ the other 500 until November 1, the time the Star people are to take charge. The way around this is to take the 500 men now at work from the 150 or so required for work about the prison.

Arguments Presented.

Three points are made by the petitioner as follows: 1. That the act of the last Legislature is unconstitutional, because it fails to include in its title any reference to a contract for hire of prison labor, which section is inserted as an amendment to the old law providing for working convicts on the roads.

2. That the act is void because it gives the Governor and the secretary of the Board of Charities and Corrections a voice in the making of a prison contract, whereas the Constitution gives such right solely to the board of directors of the State Penitentiary. The board as a whole subscribed to the contract with the Star Clothing Manufacturing Company.

3. That the Blue Ridge Overall Company will be injured in its business if required to compete with the Star concern, which can secure the prison labor at a lower price than free labor without having to pay rent for factory or taxes to the State, as its rivals in business are required to do. The Thatcher Shoe Company now pays 42 cents a day for men and 35 cents for women. Under the new contract with the Star concern, the State would get 82 cents for men and 60 cents for women. If the law stands 500 men will be cut out of the roads May 1, and for the next six months the Thatcher people will get the remainder of the Star people's prices. Should the law be overturned, it would seem the directors could make any contract for all the men and women, at any price they pleased.

Stops Falling Hair

Hall's Hair Renewer certainly stops falling hair. No doubt about it whatever. You will surely be satisfied.

Experienced sewers wanted on dresses and skirts. None but experienced people need apply.

J. B. Mosby & Co.

Stieff Pianos

and players—the finest made, at makers' prices.

DISCOURAGED!

Mrs. Katie Scholl, of St. Louis, Was Discouraged But a Friend Told Her How She Could Cure Herself in the Privacy of Her Own Home.

MRS. KATIE SCHOLL, of St. Louis, Mo., says she will never cease to regret that she did not sooner learn of the efficacy of Wine of Cardui, which has saved her from a life of misery.

"I feel I can never sufficiently thank the kind woman who first induced me to try it," she said, "nor properly express my gratitude to those who have placed this remedy in reach of suffering womanhood."

For years, I was a physical and nervous wreck, suffering constant headaches, dizziness, dragging pains, and hot flashes, which left me in no condition to do my work.

I was afraid to wash, or iron, or clean the windows, when these hot flashes and dizzy spells came on, for fear I would fall and hurt myself. I could not sleep at night, and had no appetite. Life was a burden to me and my family, because of my constant suffering.

One day a neighbor woman, to whom I was complaining, told me of Wine of Cardui, and induced me to try it, although I had taken so many drugs, I had no desire to add another to my long list of useless prescriptions.

I took the first few doses with a thought that I was wasting time and money, but after the sixth dose, the effect was such that I began to take notice.

I felt a peculiar relief, such as I cannot well explain, but I feared it was only one of the temporary respites such as I sometimes experienced after a very bad spell.

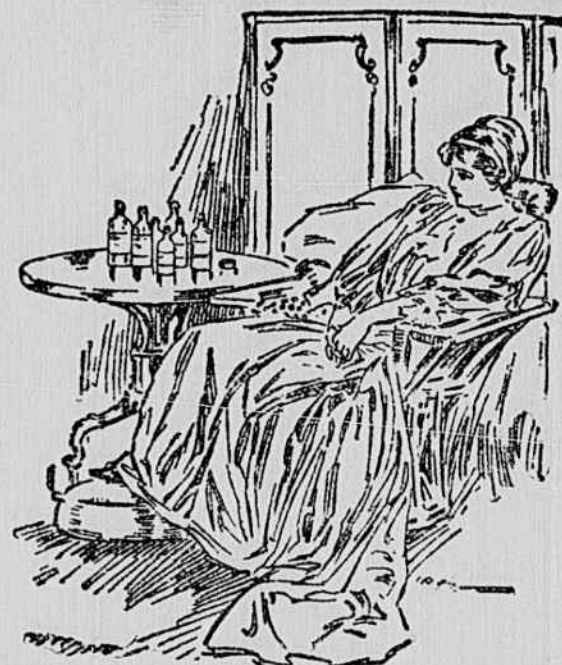
But as I continued to use the medicine, I continued to feel better, and presently I lost the sense of that dragging-down feeling, my headaches were less frequent, and my dizziness began to disappear. Before I had finished the first bottle, the headaches had left me entirely, I felt myself growing stronger, and took a pleasure in my work.

When I started on my second bottle, I no longer felt dizzy when I leaned over, and a few days later, the hot flashes, which had been getting less and less frequent, left me altogether.

My family and friends noted the wonderful improvement in me, and asked me what had brought it about.

To all, I showed with pride, the bottle of Cardui, and said I never again would be without it in the house, even if I had to do without most of the other necessities of life.

To me, and to all women who suffer as I did, Wine of Cardui is an absolute necessity.



Take CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic



MRS. KATIE SCHOLL,
St. Louis, Mo.

At All Druggists

I am just finishing the second bottle, and the change this short treatment has brought about in my condition is truly marvelous.

I cannot praise it too highly, and I have already induced my sister and two sisters-in-law in Chicago, and several of my friends here, who know what it has done for me, to begin using it, and I intend to recommend it to every sufferer I hear of as long as there is breath in my body.

I can do all my housework, washing, ironing, cooking, window cleaning, and scrubbing, as easily as a young girl, and I sing at my work, which I had not done in years.

I sleep restfully, and can eat like a horse.

In fact, the Wine of Cardui has put new life and soul in my body. Cardui, the woman's tonic, did, for this lady, no more than it has done for thousands of others—no more than it would do for you if you would only give it a fair, persevering trial.

Some cases, of course, are more difficult than others to cure, and may require a longer course of treatment, before even the least benefit seems to have been received.

But perseverance in the use of Cardui will win, in the end, and the benefit received, even in the worst cases, will be well worth the trouble and comparatively small expense.

Try CARDUI, for your troubles, if you are weak, worn-out, ill, and suffer from headache, backache, pains in side or limbs, inability to walk, dragging-down feelings, and any of the other symptoms from which women so often suffer.

Your druggist sells Cardui. Get it from him. Do it today.

Odds and Ends From the Wire

RAIL DAREDEVIL FEARS AUTO.

Pulls Limited Train Ninety Miles and Hour.

Milwaukee, April 7.—Can you understand the peculiar nerve of a man who will daily sit in an engine cab and "pull" a limited train at the rate of ninety miles an hour, but who is afraid to ride in an automobile? Such a man is Michael Collins, known among engine drivers as "Pioneer Mike," the man who for years has been at the throttle of the fastest train which runs on the rails of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road. To sit in his cab and push his engine to the utmost speed is but play for "Pioneer Mike," but to sit in the tonneau of an automobile and allow his son to drive him up Grand Avenue is to his notion, but one way of committing suicide.

Mr. Collins admits that he has his conclusions upon the sensations he experienced during his only automobile ride. "One ride was enough for me," he said, "I will stick to my cab and allow my son Harry to ride in the machine."

\$500 FOR AIDING A "JACK."

Racine Samaritan Gets Legacy from Stranger.

Racine, Wis., April 7.—Frank Roe, a teamster, received a check for \$500 to-day, which was a New York, Frank White, who received assistance in Racine two years ago, had left him.

White had met Roe, who told him he "had been too good a fellow." Roe assisted him by climbing down a rainout after having reached a convenient spot for a drop. He dodged several bullets from policemen's revolvers.

Several hours later Sylvester Brown, a negro, was captured and identified as the burglar. He was committed for court.

CHASE BURGLAR IN NIGHTGOWN.

Two Women Race Negro Over Households in Break Wind.

Baltimore, April 7.—Clad only in their night clothes, two women, Mrs. Kate Rosier and her niece, Miss Amelia Stahl, both of No. 710 South Hanover Street, with their neighbors, in a break wind, chased a negro burglar over a block of households, after he had attempted to force an entrance to their home at 10 o'clock in the morning. Other neighbors and police officers attempted to shoot the fleeing housebreaker, who escaped by clambering down a rainout after having reached a convenient spot for a drop. He dodged several bullets from policemen's revolvers.

Several hours later Sylvester Brown, a negro, was captured and identified as the burglar. He was committed for court.

THIS MAN KNEW BOYS.

Gets Stones Moved from School Yard by Hagerstown, Md., April 7.—When the City League of this city obtained from the school board permission to pick the grounds surrounding the Winter Street public school, Albert C. Pfefferberger, the principal, became much interested. In one part of the grounds were twelve cartloads of stones, which had to be removed, but the appropriation was small.

The principal set up tin cans as targets and told the 500 boys of the school to try their marksmanship. They had great sport, and the stones were removed quickly and without cost.

"ON HOG" OR IN ROSE BED.

Variety Spices Life of Public Service Officers.

Albany, April 7.—Between climbing poles and making reports to State officers the lot of Public Service Commission officers is not a happy one. A secretary of a telephone corporation has written to the Public Service Commission advising that "he would attend to report business as soon as he could get over the effects of a fall from a pole which has temporarily put him on the hog."

A resolution just passed by the commission, however, shows that at times at least they have a big crop in this section of the order. That the New York, Westchester and Boston Railway Company may plant the slopes of the embankments in North Pelham

with roses in lieu of sod.

Such a request was made by the residents of the village, and the company agreed.

WILSON BROKE STREET LAW.

It Forbids Crossing Washington Streets Except at Corners.

Washington, April 7.—President Wilson unwittingly violated yesterday the new traffic regulations of the national capital, which forbid persons crossing the streets except at corners. The President was out walking with Secretary Tumulty, and when they reached Pennsylvania Avenue they crossed the road diagonally toward the White House. One of the policemen near the White House smilingly informed them of their error.

The President had paid his first call to Washington, visiting Secretary Tumulty, with whose family he chatted before going downtown. Many people recognized him along the way.

SNUBS SISTER LAWMAKER.

Spinner Senator and Matron Critic Friends.

No More. Denver, April 7.—Senator Helen Ring Robinson came in for a grilling when Represent-

ative Frances S. Lee declared in the House that the measure relating to children she introduced in the Senate was vicious and inhuman.

There was a look that spoke volumes in Senator Robinson's eyes as she passed without recognition her former good friend and fellow suffragist, Representative Lee, after the House session. The bill had to do with changing the regulations for admission to the State Home for Dependent Children. The lady that introduced this bill into the Senate, said Mrs. Lee, "is not a mother and cannot have the feeling that I, as a mother of five, have for children. The measure is vicious and inhuman."

"Three Hurt in Runaway."

Woodstock, Va., April 7.—Mrs. Harry J. Higgs and her little boy and girl were seriously hurt to-day, when the horse which they were driving ran away and demolished the survey in which they were riding. Mrs. Higgs suffered a broken limb and other injuries. The little boy has a broken arm and the girl's nose was mashed. A broken trace caused the runaway.

Through Travel to Columbus, Chicago, Indianapolis and St. Louis, Resumed via Norfolk and Western Ry.

Train No. 3 of the Norfolk and Western Railway, which leaves Richmond 9:30 A. M. daily, is now going through to Columbus, Ohio, being detoured from Portsmouth, Ohio, to Columbus via B. & O. and Hocking Valley, and through tickets are now being sold via the Norfolk and Western to Columbus; also to Chicago, Indianapolis and St. Louis and beyond, via Columbus and Pennsylvania lines.

C. H. BOSLEY,
District Passenger Agent.

Cow Peas

If you are a merchant, we will make you very close prices on our peas. We have a big crop in this section this year, and prices are unusually low. Our seeds are carefully selected and tested for their germination value. We can furnish all varieties, especially Black Eyes, Clays, Unknown, Whip-poorwill and mixed.

We want brokers to represent us.

B. L. RONEY & COMPANY,
Memphis, Tenn.